Introduction to the Sets Theory Exercises

1.

Given

$$A = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}^{1} \mid -1 < x < 3 \right\}$$
$$B = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}^{1} \mid -8 < x \right\}$$
$$C = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}^{1} \mid -8 < x < 1 \right\},$$

1. What are

 $A \cap B$, $A \cup C$, \overline{B} , $\overline{A} \cup \overline{C}$, $\overline{A} \cap \overline{C}$, $B \setminus A$, $C \setminus B$.

2. Show the validity of the following relations:

$$A \cup (B \setminus C) = (A \cup B) \setminus (C \setminus A)$$

and

$$A \cap (B \setminus C) \neq (A \cup B) \setminus (A \cap C).$$

2.

Let A, B, C be three sets as shown in the following Venn diagram. For each of the following sets, draw a Venn diagram and shade the area representing the given set:

a.
$$A \cup B \cup C$$

b. $A \cap B \cap C$
c. $A \cup (B \cap C)$
d. $A \setminus (B \cap C)$
e. $A \cup \left(\overline{B \cap C}\right) = A \cup (B \cap C)^{C}$

Given, find the following sets $A = \{1, 2, 5\}, B = \{1, 2\}$. Find the following sets:

- 1. *AxB*
- 2. *BxA*
- 3. A^2
- 4. B^2

4.

Find the power set of $S = \{2, 7, 9\}$ and total number of elements.

5.

Find the number of subsets of

$$A := \left\{ x \, \middle| \, x = 4n + \epsilon \, 1, \ 2 \le n \le 5, \ n \in N \right\}$$

6.

In a survey of 5000 persons in a town, it was found that 45% of the persons know language A, 25% know language B, 10% know language C, 5% know languages A and B, 4% know languages B and C, and 4% know languages A and C.

If 3% of the persons know all the three languages, find the number of persons who know only language A.

Solve the problem by

- 1. property of cardinality
- 2. Venn diagram

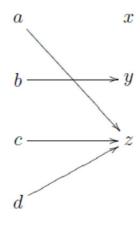
7.

We have four flavors of ice cream: **banana, chocolate, lemon, and strawberry**. How many different ways can we have them?

8.

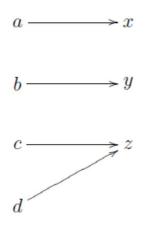
Check the injectivity, surjectivity, and bijectivity of the following functions:

1. Given $f: A \to B$ where $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $B = \{x, y, z\}$

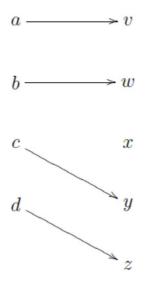


2.

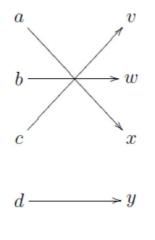
Given $f: A \to B$ where $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $B = \{x, y, z\}$



3. Given $f: A \rightarrow B$ where $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $B = \{v, w, x, y, z\}$



4. Given $f: A \rightarrow B$ where $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $B = \{v, w, x, y\}$



5.

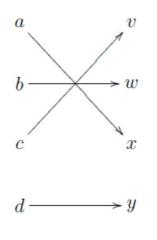
Given $f:[0, \infty[\rightarrow [0, \infty[$ defined by $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$.

6. Given $f(x) = x^2$ with both domain and codomain sets of real numbers.

9.

Find the inverse of the following functions:

1. Given $f: A \to B$ where $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $B = \{v, w, x, y\}$

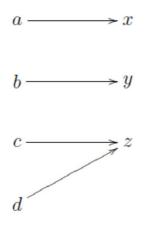


2.

Given $f: R \setminus \{2\} \to R \setminus \{1\}$ defined by $f(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$.

10.

Given $f: A \to B$ where and $B = \{x, y, z\}$ defined as follows



find the corresponding inverses.

11.

The binary relation

$$R = \{(a,a), (a,b), (a,c), (b,b), (b,c), (c,c), (d,d)\}$$

Is defined on the set $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$. Determine whether *R* is

- 1. reflexive
- 2. symmetric
- 3. antisymmetric
- 4. transitive

12.

Are these equivalence relations on $\{0,1,2\}$?

- 1. $\{(0,0),(1,1),(0,1),(1,0)\}$
- 2. $\{(0,0),(1,1),(2,2),(0,1),(1,2)\}$
- 3. $\{(0,0),(1,1),(2,2),(0,1),(1,2),(1,0),(2,1)\}$
- 4. $\{(0,0),(1,1),(2,2),(0,1),(0,2),(1,0),(1,2),(2,0),(2,1)\}$
- 5. $\{(0,0),(1,1),(2,2)\}$

(Last updated: 30.11.20)