

Chapter V

Discrete and Continuous Random Variables

Exercises

5. 1.

A builder orders a shipment of bricks. The random variable X , the number of broken bricks per lot, is estimated by suppliers to have the following probability function:

x_i	0	1	2	3	4	≥ 5
$P(X = x_i)$	0.7	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.03	p_5

1. Find p_5 .
2. What is the probability that the number of broken bricks is at most 3?
3. Determine and sketch the distribution function $F(x)$ of the random variable X .
4. Find and interpret

i) $F(3.8)$

ii) $F(4.7) - F(1.8)$

5. 2.

The random variable X giving the number of passengers (excluding the driver) per car in rush hour traffic has the following probability function:

x_i	0	1	2	3	4
$P(X = x_i)$	0.7	p_2	0.1	0.05	0.05

1. Find p_2 .
2. What is the probability that the number of passengers is at least 2?
3. Determine and sketch the distribution function $F(x)$ of the random variable X .
4. Find and interpret

a. $F(2.06)$

b. $F(3.9) - F(0.05)$

5. 3.

After the start of observation on a given summer evening, the time T , in minutes until the first shooting star is observed, follows an exponential distribution for which

$$P(T > t) = e^{-\frac{1}{10}t}$$

where $t > 0$.

1. Determine the probability that it takes between five and ten minutes for the first shooting star to be observed.
2. Determine the probability density function of T .

5. 4. (See Example 5. 2.)

A car pooling study shows that the number of passengers, X , in a car (excluding the driver) is likely to assume the values 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 with probabilities given by the table

x_i	0	1	2	3	4
$P(X = x_i)$	0.7	p_2	0.1	0.05	0.05

1. Determine $P(X > 2)$.
2. Determine $P(X \geq 2)$.
3. What is the probability that a car will have no passengers?
4. Determine the smallest value of k so that $P(X < k) > 0.85$.
5. Evaluate $P(X \leq k)$ for

$$k = -12, 0, 0.5, 2.4, 103.$$

5. 5.

Let the random variable X have the following distribution function:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{when } x \leq -1 \\ \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{3}{4} & \text{when } -1 < x \leq \frac{1}{3} \\ 1 & \text{when } \frac{1}{3} < x. \end{cases}$$

What is the probability that that X lies in the interval $\left]0, \frac{1}{3}\right[$?

5. 6.

Consider the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a(3+x) & \text{when } -3 \leq x \leq 0 \\ a(3-x) & \text{when } 0 < x \leq 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a) For what value of a will $f(x)$ be the density function of the random variable X ?
- b) Determine the distribution function of X .
- c) Find the probability that X lies in the interval $\left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right]$.

5. 7.

A balanced coin is tossed twice and the number X of heads is observed. Find the probability distribution for X .

5. 8.

Suppose that the Time T (in minutes) for individuals to complete a task has the following probability density function:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} k(t - \frac{3}{2})(3 - t) & \frac{3}{2} \leq t \leq 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

a) Show that $k = \frac{16}{9}$.

b) Suppose that a failure is said to occur when an individual takes longer than two and a half minutes to complete the task. What is the probability of a failure?

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